

Elan-tech® G 8

Version 3.0 SDB_GB

Revision Date 20.10.2014

Print Date 30.11.2014

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Elan-tech® G 8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-
stance/Mixture : Polyurethane Hardener

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : ELANTAS Italia S.r.l.
Strada Antolini 1
43044 Collecchio
Italy
Telephone : +3907363081
Telefax : +390736402746
E-mail address : msds.elantas.italia@altana.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+39 0736 3081 (8-17 h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 4	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye irritation, Category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carcinogenicity, Category 2	H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory system	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2	H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Classification (67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC)

Harmful R20: Harmful by inhalation.

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	R42/43: May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.
Irritant	R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
Carcinogenic Category 3	R40: Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
Harmful	R48/20: Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.
P280 Wear protective gloves.
P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.
P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Polymeric MDI

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Diphenylmethane diisocyanate based mixture

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration (%)
Polymeric MDI	9016-87-9	Xn; R20 R42/43 Xi; R36/37/38 Carc.Cat.3; R40 Xn; R48/20	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 2; H373	<= 100

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General advice : Keep warm and in a quiet place.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.
- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Keep patient warm and at rest.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
If breathing is labored, administer oxygen.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.
- In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.
Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
If on clothes, remove clothes.
If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
- In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,
for at least 10 minutes.
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
- If swallowed : Keep at rest.
Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.
Keep respiratory tract clear.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Breathing difficulties
Lachrymation
Redness
Irritation

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
Foam
Sand

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Decomposes in a fire giving off toxic fumes: oxides of nitrogen
The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat.
Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

Further information : In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.
Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
Inform the responsible authorities in case of gas leakage, or of

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entry into waterways, soil or drains.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).
Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.
Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.
Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures : Provide adequate ventilation. Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight. Keep in properly labelled containers.

Advice on common storage : Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly acid or alkaline materials, as well as of amines, alcohols and water.
Keep away from food and drink.
Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

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Dampness : Keep containers dry and tightly closed to avoid moisture absorption and contamination.

Other data : Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Consult the technical guidelines for the use of this substance/mixture.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Polymeric MDI	9016-87-9	TWA	0,02 mg/m ³ (as -NCO)	GB EH40
Further information	Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological, irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance, sometimes even to tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symptoms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will become hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. 54 Substances that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to substances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented. Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma, COSHH requires that exposure be reduced as low as is reasonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak concentrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occupational asthma. The identified substances are those which: - are assigned the risk phrase 'R42: May cause sensitisation by inhalation'; or 'R42/43: May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact' or - are listed in section C of HSE publication 'Asthmagen? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational asthma' as updated from time to time, or any other substance which the risk assessment has shown to be a potential cause of occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma.			
		STEL	0,07 mg/m ³	GB EH40

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	(as -NCO)
Further information	<p>Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological, irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance, sometimes even to tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symptoms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will become hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. 54 Substances that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to substances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented. Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma, COSHH requires that exposure be reduced as low as is reasonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak concentrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occupational asthma. The identified substances are those which: - are assigned the risk phrase 'R42: May cause sensitisation by inhalation'; or 'R42/43: May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact' or - are listed in section C of HSE publication 'Asthmagens? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational asthma' as updated from time to time, or any other substance which the risk assessment has shown to be a potential cause of occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma.</p>

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
Polymeric MDI	9016-87-9	urinary diamine: 1 µmol/mol creatinine (Urine)	Post task	GB EH40 BAT

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Recommended minimum velocity for exhaust ventilation
 effective ventilation in all processing areas
 Effective exhaust ventilation system
 Ensure that extracted air cannot be returned to the workplace through the ventilation system.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Do not wear contact lenses.
 Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166
 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Hand protection
 Material : Chemical resistant gloves made of butyl rubber or nitrile rub-

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ber category III according to EN 374.

- Skin and body protection : Protective suit
- Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Use respirator when performing operations involving potential exposure to vapour of the product.
Respirator with a vapour filter (EN 141)
The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.
- Protective measures : Avoid contact with skin.
Wear suitable protective equipment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Appearance : liquid
- Colour : brown
- Odour : musty
- Odour Threshold : not determined
- pH : not determined
- Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable
- Boiling point/boiling range : > 300 °C
- Flash point : > 250 °C
- Evaporation rate : not determined
- Upper explosion limit : Not applicable
- Lower explosion limit : Not applicable
- Vapour pressure : 1 hPa (20 °C)
- Relative vapour density : not determined
- Density : 1,24 g/cm³ (25 °C)
- Bulk density : not determined

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Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in other solvents	: not determined
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 500 °C
Thermal decomposition	: Method: No data available
Viscosity	
Viscosity, dynamic	: 296 mPa.s (20 °C)
Viscosity, kinematic	: not determined
Explosive properties	: Not applicable
Oxidizing properties	: Not applicable

9.2 Other information

Surface tension	: not determined
Sublimation point	: Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Container can be pressurized by carbon dioxide due to reaction with humid air and/or water.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts violently with water.
Evolution of CO₂ in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Direct sources of heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Humid air
Acids and bases
Amines

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

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Hazardous decomposition products : Container can be pressurized by carbon dioxide due to reaction with humid air and/or water.
Stable under normal conditions.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not applicable

STOT - repeated exposure

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Remarks: No data available

Aspiration toxicity

Further information

Product:

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Remarks: No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher..

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information : Remarks: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : In accordance with local and national regulations.
Container hazardous when empty.
Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.
Do not mix waste streams during collection.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) : Polymeric MDI

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59). : This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57).

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable

Seveso II - Directive 2003/105/EC amending Council Directive 96/82/EC on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances
Not applicable

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of R-Phrases

R20 : Harmful by inhalation.
R36/37/38 : Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
R40 : Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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- R42/43 : May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.
R48/20 : Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Full text of H-Statements

- H315 : Causes skin irritation.
H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 : Harmful if inhaled.
H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.
H351 : Suspected of causing cancer.
H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Full text of other abbreviations

- Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity
Carc. : Carcinogenicity
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Resp. Sens. : Respiratory sensitisation
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation
STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.